

# PRESS RELEASE

PR. No. 368/2024

# **CLYDESTONE GHANA PLC (CLYD)-**

# UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

CLYD has released its Unaudited Financial Statements for the period ended September 30, 2024, as per attached

Issued in Accra, this 1<sup>st.</sup> day of November 2024

- END-

att'd.

# **Distribution:**

- 1. All LDMs
- 2. General Public
- 3. Company Secretary, CLYD
- 4. NTHC Registrars, (Registrars for CLYD shares)
- 5. Custodians
- 6. Securities and Exchange Commission
- 7. Central Securities Depository
- 8. GSE Council Members
- 9. GSE Notice Board

For enquiries, contact: Head Listing, GSE on 0302 669908, 669914, 669935 \*GT



# CLYDESTONE (GHANA) PLC

Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at September 30, 2024

	The Company For the Nine		The consolidated	
	months ended		months ended	
	September 30,	As at 21st	September 30,	As at 31st
	2024	December 2023 2023		December 2023
Non-Current Assets	GH¢	GH¢	GH¢	GH¢
Property,plant & equipment	1,110,537	632,307	1,110,892	632,663
Intangible assets	3,124,752	3,124,752	3,124,752	3,124,752
Deferred tax	443,008	358,416	443,095	443,095
Investments	222,627	222,627		
	4,900,924	4,338,101	4,678,739	4,200,509
Current Assets				
Inventories	380,450	380,450	380,450	380,450
Trade receivable	3,126,330	2,802,250	3,126,330	2,802,250
Due from related subsidiary	536,432	539,208	-	-
Other accounts receivable	1,848,849	1,961,523	2,242,575	2,355,249
Cash and cash equivalents	4,109,390	81,562	4,109,612	81,784
	10,001,452	5,764,993	9,858,967	5,619,733
Total Assets	14,902,375	10,103,095	14,537,707	9,820,242
Equity				
Capital and Reservers Attributable				
to Company's Equity Holding				
Stated capital	554,850	554,850	554,850	554,850
Capital surplus	3,012,252	3,012,253	3,098,268	3,098,269
Deposit for shares	315,341	315,341	644,024	644,024
Retained earnings	1,479,089	344,808	875,152	(300,786)
Total Equity	5,361,531	4,227,251	5,172,294	3,996,357
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Trade payable	1,957,132	1,815,564	2,177,524	2,035,957
Other accounts payable	2,913,754	1,070,682	2,558,073	795,204
Taxation	3,566,503	1,105,482	3,645,787	1,184,765
Unrealised Earnings	380,061	380,061	380,061	380,061
Overdrafts	499,180	557,879	499,180	557,879
Due to related company	44,214	76,157	-	-
1 7	9,360,844	5,005,825	9,260,626	4,953,867
Long Term Liabilities		, , , ,		
Loans	180,000	870,019	180,000	870,019
	180,000	870,019	180,000	870,019
Total Liabilities	9,540,844	5,875,843	9,440,626	5,823,885
Total Equity and Liabilities	14,902,375	10,103,095	14,612,920	9,820,242

SIGNED PAUL JACQUAYE Director SIGNED FELISTAS KISIVO Director



CLYDESTONE (GHANA) PLC Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive income

Nine Months ended September 30, 2024

	The Company		The consolidated		
	For the Nine months ended September 30, 2024	For the Nine months ended September 30, 2023	For the Nine months ended September 30 2024	For the Nine months ended September 30, 2023	
	GH¢	GH¢	GH¢	GH¢	
Revenue	11,826,347	5,908,103	11,826,347	5,908,103	
Cost of Sales	(7,382,900)	(3,055,626)	(7,382,900)	(3,055,626)	
GROSS PROFIT	4,443,447	2,852,477	4,443,447	2,852,477	
Directors remuneration Auditors remuneration General & administration expenses	571,135 45,760 <u>1,954,231</u>	511,227 37,820 1,985,427	571,135 45,760 <u>1,954,231</u>	511,227 37,820 1,985,427	
	2,571,127	2,534,474	2,571,127	2,534,474	
Earnings Before Interest, Tax and Depreciation	1,872,320	318,003	1,872,320	318,003	
Depreciation	66,482	46,971	66,482	46,971	
Operating Profit	1,805,838	271,032	1,805,838	271,032	
Interest / financial charges	317,309	196,301	317,309	196,301	
Other Income		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Profit (Loss) before tax	1,488,529	74,731	1,488,529	74,731	
Corporate taxation	(312,591)	(15,694)	(312,591)	(15,694)	
Profit (Loss) for the period	1,175,938	59,037	1,175,938	59,037	
Attributable to: Equity holders	-		1,175,938	59,037	
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss)</b> Exchange Difference on translation		- 	- -	- 	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	1,175,938	59,037	1,175,938	59,037	
Earnings per share (GH¢)	0.03459	0.0017	0.0346	0.0017	
Lumingo per share (Orry)	0.05459	0.001/	0.0540	0.0017	

CLYDESTONE

CLYDESTONE (GHANA) PLC Unaudited Statement of Changes in Equity Nine Months ended September 30, 2024

## **Company**

Company	Stated <u>Capital</u> GH¢	Capital <u>Surplus</u> GH¢	Retained <u>Earnings</u> GH¢	<u>Total</u> GH¢
January 1, 2024	554,850	3,012,252	344,808	3,319,845
Profit/(Loss) for the period		-	1,175,938	1,175,938
September 30, 2024	554,850	3,012,252.00	1,520,746	4,495,783

# Consolidated

	Stated <u>Capital</u> GH¢	Capital <u>Surplus</u> GH¢	Retained <u>Earnings</u> GH¢	Deposit <u>for Shares</u> GH¢	<u>Total</u> GH¢
January 1, 2024	554,850	3,098,269	(300,786)	644,024	3,996,357
Profit/(Loss) for the period			1,175,938		1,175,938
September 30, 2024	554,850	3,098,269	875,152	644,024	5,172,295

# <u>Company</u>

		Stated Capital GH¢	Capital Surplus GH¢	Retained Earnings GH¢	Total GH¢
January 1, 2023 Profit for the period September 30, 2023		554,850 - 554,850	2,489,903 - <b>2,489,903.00</b>	216,054 59,038 <b>275,092</b>	3,260,807 59,038 <b>3,319,845</b>
Consolidated	Stated Capital GH¢	Capital Surplus GH¢	Retained Earnings GH¢	Deposit <u>for Shares</u> GH¢	Total GH¢
January 1, 2023 Profit for the period September 30, 2023	554,850 	2,575,919 	(435,037) 59,038 (375,999)	593,631 	3,289,363 59,038 <b>3,348,401</b>



# CLYDESTONE (GHANA) PLC Unaudited Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine Months ended September 30, 2024

	The Cor	npany	The cons	
	For the Nine	For the Nine	For the Nine	For the Nine
	months ended	months ended	months ended	months ended
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	GH¢	GH¢	GH¢	GH¢
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	4 400 500	50.000	4 400 500	50.020
Profit before taxation	1,488,529	59,038	1,488,529	59,038
Adjustment for Non-Cash Items:	317,309	106 201	217 200	106 201
Net interest expense Depreciation	,	196,301	317,309	196,301
Depreciation	66,482	46,971	66,482	46,971
Net cash used in operating activities	1,872,320	302,310	1,872,320	302,310
Changes in working capital				
Inventories	-	138,939	-	138,939
Trade receivables	(324,080)	425,633	(324,080)	425,633
Other accounts receivables	115,449	595,687	115,449	669,296
Trade payable	141,568	(1,350,541)	141,568	(1,350,541)
Other accounts payable	1,831,325	(653,545)	1,831,325	(727,154)
Due from related company	-	-	-	-
	1,764,262	(843,827)	1,764,262	(843,827)
Tax Paid				
Corporate	1,912,440	186,416	1,907,359	186,416
Net cash used in operating activities	5,549,022	(355,101)	<u> </u>	(355,101)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property, plant & equipment	(335,167)	11,515	(335,167)	11,515
Exchange Gain On Deposits	-	-	-	
Purchase of intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Investment in related company	-		-	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(335,167)	11,515	(335,167)	11,515
Cash Flows from Financial Activities				
Long Term Loan	(810,019)	(177,778)	(810,019)	(177,778)
Interest expense	(317,309)		, , ,	. ,
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(1,127,328)	(374,079)	(1,127,328)	(374,079)
0	,			
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,086,528	(717,665)	4,081,447	(717,665)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January,				
Cash & Bank	81,562	-	86,865	-
Bank Overdraft	(557,879)	427,943	(557,879)	428,165
	· · · · ·		· · · · · ·	
Cash and cash equivalents at 30th Sept 2024	3,610,210	(289,722)	3,610,433	(289,500)
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents				
as shown in the balance sheet				
Cash and Bank Balances	4,109,390	102,764	4,109,612	102,986
Bank overdraft	(499,180)		· · · /	(392,486)
	3,610,210	(289,722)	3,610,432	(289,500)



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Reporting Entity

Clydestone (Ghana) Plc ("the company") and its subsidiaries ("forming the group") is a company domiciled in Ghana and initially incorporated as a Private Limited Liability Company on 16 June 1989 and issued with a commencement certificate on 19 June, 1989. It was later converted into a Public Limited Liability Company in August 2003. It was listed on the Ghana Stock Exchange in March 2004.

The nature of authorized business are as follows:

Enhanced Payment Service Provider

System Integration

Outsourcing

Networking

Computer and Communication Technology

Consultancy

For Companies Act, 1963 (Act 179) reporting purposes, the balance sheet is represented by the statement of financial position and the profit or loss account by part of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, in these financial statements.

#### 2. Basis of preparation and consolidation

### i. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment properties and buildings classified as property and equipment, derivative financial instruments and available-for-sale financial assets that have been measured at fair value. The carrying values of recognized assets and liabilities that are designated as hedged items in fair value hedges that would otherwise be carried at amortized cost are adjusted to record changes in the fair values attributable to the risks that are being hedged in effective hedge relationships.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements.

ii. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Clydestone Ghana Plc, the parent, and her subsidiaries as at 31 September 2024. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtained control and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

#### 3. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been adopted and applied where necessary in these financial statements by the Company.

#### a. Revenue recognition

Sales comprise invoiced value of goods and services that are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss, as well as any interest receivable or payable, is included in the income statement in the year in which they arise. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available – for-sale financial assets, other than foreign exchange gains and losses from monetary items, are recognized directly in equity, until the financial asset is derecognized or impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is recognized in the income statement. Dividends are recognized in the income statement when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

#### b Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

#### i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, and

any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use." Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of the equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components)".

#### ii. Subsequent cost

The cost of replacing part of an item of property or equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognized in the income statement as incurred.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative years are as follows:

Class of assets	Rate of depreciation
Motor Vehicles/Cycles	20%
Furniture, Fixtures & Fittings	7.5%
Office Equipment & Machinery	20%
Computer and Accessories	30%

Gains and losses on disposal of PPE are determined by comparing proceeds from disposal with the carrying amounts of PPE and are recognized in the income statement as other income.

#### c Foreign currency translation

i.Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at market rates ruling at the dates of such transactions. Exchange differences realised are accounted for through the statement of comprehensive income.

ii.Assets and liabilities, which are denominated in other currencies, are translated into the reporting currency at the period end rates of exchange. Exchange differences arising on such translations are treated through the statement of comprehensive income.

#### d. Trade and other accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. Specific provisions for doubtful debts are made for receivables of which recovery is doubtful. Other receivables are stated at their cost less impairment losses.

#### e. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdraft.

#### Provisions

Provisions are recognized when a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past transaction exists at the reporting date, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.